CARLETON UNIVERSITY Department of Systems and Computer Engineering

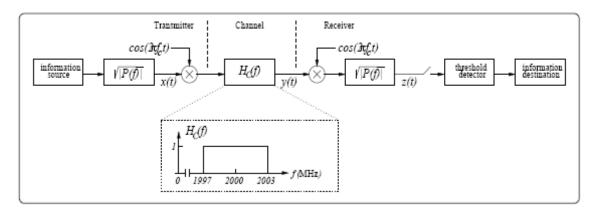
SYSC 4600 – Digital Communications – Fall 2009 Professor H. Yanikomeroglu 26 October 2009

Full mark: 100 + 10 bonus points - closed-book, one-page aid-sheet allowed - 80 min.s

Question 1 (50 pts) – Transmission through a Bandlimited Channel

A passband communication system is given below. The transmit filter generates squareroot raised-cosine pulses with α =0.5 and baseband bandwidth W MHz (including the excess bandwidth). Modulation with a sinusoidal carrier ($f_c = 2000$ MHz) is employed since the channel has the shape of an ideal bandpass filter.

The receiver includes a matched square-root raised-cosine (SRRC) filter with cutoff frequency *W* MHz. Assume that the background noise is negligible.



(a) (10 pts) Find *W*, by taking the bandwidth of the channel into account, that will enable ISI-free transmission at the highest possible symbol rate.

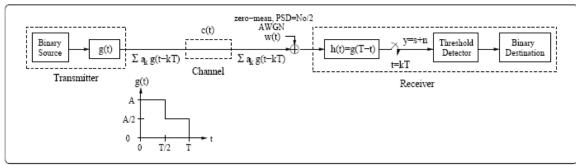
(b) (10 pts) Find the transmit bit rate if a 16-ary PAM signaling scheme is used.

(c) (10 pts) Sketch $\sqrt{P(f)}$.

(d) (10 pts) Let y(t) denote the signal at the output of the channel. Sketch |Y(f)|.

(e) (10 pts) Let z(t) denote the signal at the output of the receiver matched filter. Sketch |Z(f)|.

Question 2 (60 pts) – BER Calculation



A baseband binary signaling scheme is shown in the above figure.

- The information bits are equally-likely.
- Signaling is antipodal: $a_k = \{-1, 1\}$.
- The source produces one bit every *T* seconds.
- The channel is ideal with zero-mean AWGN.
- The receiver is a matched filter with h(t)=g(T-t).

(a) (5 pts) Give the expression for c(t), the channel impulse response. Show that

 $(\sum a_k g(t-kT)) * c(t) = \sum a_k g(t-kT),$

where * denotes convolution.

(b) (5 pts) Find E_b , the received bit energy, in terms of A and T.

(c) (7 pts) Sketch h(t)=g(T-t).

(d) (6 pts) The decision variable at the output of the sampler has a signal component s and a noise component n; that is, y = s+n. Find s given that a "1" is transmitted.

(e) (10 pts) Find the mean and variance of n in terms of E_b and N_o .

(f) (5 pts) Find $f_Y(y|a=-1)$ and $f_Y(y|a=1)$.

(g) (7 pts) Sketch $f_Y(y|a=-1)$ and $f_Y(y|a=1)$ together. Indicate the decision threshold.

(h) (15 pts) The probability of error is $P_e = \frac{1}{2}P(-1/a=1) + \frac{1}{2}P(1/a=-1)$. Find P_e in terms of the erfc(.) function (show the intermediate steps; you may use inspection).

[Hint: erfc $(u) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_u^\infty e^{-z^2} dz$]