## Carleton University

Dept. of Systems and Computer Engineering

Systems and Simulations—SYSC 3600

Homework #4

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- 1. Derive an expression for the moment of inertia, J, for the hollow cylinder shown in Figure 1. The expression you must obtain is a function of the inner and outer radii and the length of this cylinder.
- 2. Consider the system shown in Figure 2. For this system
  - (a) use Newton's second law to derive a mathematical model for system dynamics;
  - (b) use Laplace transform to obtain an explicit time response of the system; and
  - (c) derive an expression for the natural frequency.
- 3. The system shown in Figure 3 is used to model the suspension of a motorcycle. The input to the system is the displacement z caused by unevenness in the road and the output is displacement x caused to the body of the driver. Let m = 100 Kg, b = 200 Nt.s/m and k = 300 Nt/m.
  - (a) Use Newton's second law to derive a mathematical model for the system.
  - (b) Obtain an expression for the transfer function.
  - (c) Derive an expression for the time-response output when the input is  $\cos t$ .
- 4. Use Newton's second law to obtain a mathematical model for the second order rotational system shown in Figure 4. The input to the system is the angle  $\theta_i$  and the output is the angle  $\theta_o$ . Suppose that  $k = 200 \text{ Nt.m/rad}, J = 200 \text{ Kg.m}^2$ , and  $b = 500 \text{ Nt.m}^2$ .s/rad. What is the time response of the system to  $\theta_i(t) = u(t) - u(t - 0.1)$ ?



Figure 1: Hollow Cylinder

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Figure 2: Hollow Cylinder

- 5. Consider the system shown in Figure 5. In this system, the mass m = 40 Kg, the pulley has a radius R = 0.5 m and mass M = 20 Kg. Suppose that k = 200 Nt/m and b = 100 Nt.s/m.
  - (a) Derive an expression for the moment of inertia of the pulley.
  - (b) Use Newton's second law to derive a mathematical model for the system.
  - (c) Assume that  $\dot{x}(0) = 0$ , x(0) = 2 and y(0) = 1 and use Laplace transform to obtain an explicit expression for the displacement x(t).



Figure 3: A model for motorcycle suspension system



Figure 4: A second order rotational system



Figure 5: Second order system with pulley