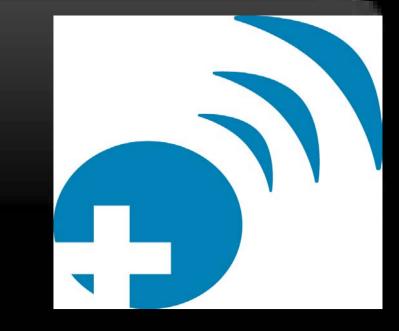


# Fusion Algorithm for the Detection of ECG Characteristic Points R B Wallace, R M Dansereau, R A Goubran

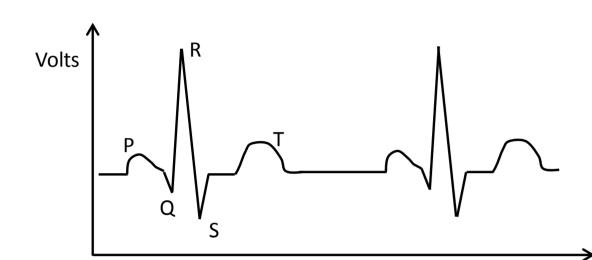


# Canada's Capital University

# Objective

- The Electrocardiogram (ECG) is a key diagnostic monitor used by clinicians for in-patient and increasingly for outpatients.
- Temporal location of ECG P, Q, R, S and T phases enables many diagnostic decisions
  - Pulse → from R phase spacing
  - Changes in intervals between waves can be indicators of various conditions or identify risks

Typical ECG signal



## Challenges

- Noise ECG signals are mV range
- Normal variations in wave form
  - Inverted T waves
  - Additional phases Normal conditions, Infants
  - Medical conditions: Missing, extra, variant phases
- ECGs are non-stationary signals:
  - Vary over time and cycle to cycle
  - Spectrum is very different for each of the phases

#### Dataset

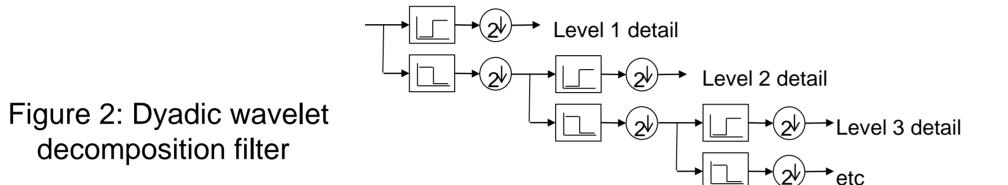
- ECG training set (33 ECGs) from <u>www.physionet.org</u>
  - 26 ECGs: "PTB Diagnostic ECG Database"
  - 4 ECGs: "Non-Invasive Fetal ECG Database"
  - 3 ECGs: "Intracardiac Atrial Fibrillation Database"

# 

# **Multi-resolution Wavelet Analysis**

### Overview:

- Decompose signals into frequency bands using short length filters to allow for compact support in time
- Results in a series of detail and final approximation signals representing various frequency bands of the signal



For each R phase

For each R phase

reconstruction

→ Q phase

→ S phase

→ P Phase

phase

Search for preceding minima

Search for following minima

Create WLe4 – Approx 5

Search for maxima before each Q

Measure slope trend post S phase

Update T phase trend measure

maxima / minima post S phase

Based on trend search for

# Detection algorithm

Create reconstructions
WLe1: Detail 4,5,6
WLe2: Detail 6xDetail 4,5
WLe1e2: abs(WLe1\*WLe2)

Do peak search on WLe1e2
Peak: WLe1e2 > 5% max(WLe1e2)
→ Candidate R phases

WLe3: 60Hz IIR LPF of ECG Take derivatives of WLe1 and WLe3 and correlate

True up R phases - Search correlation for local maxima near candidate R phases

→ R phase locations

time - msec

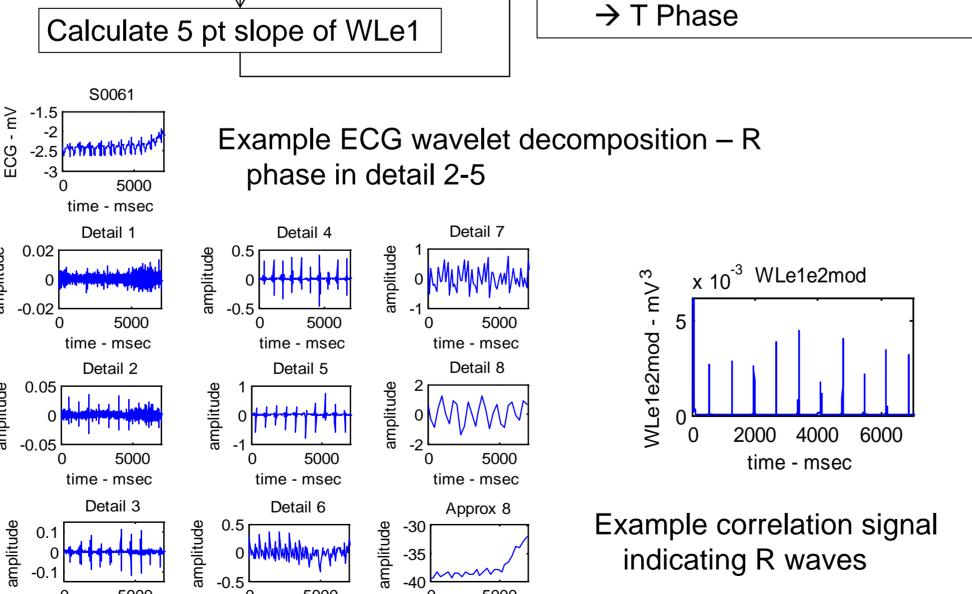
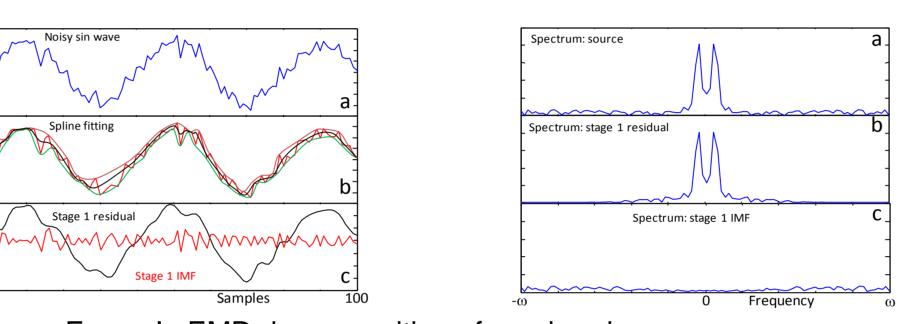


Table 1: Detection results for wavelet algorithm

# **Empirical Mode Decomposition**

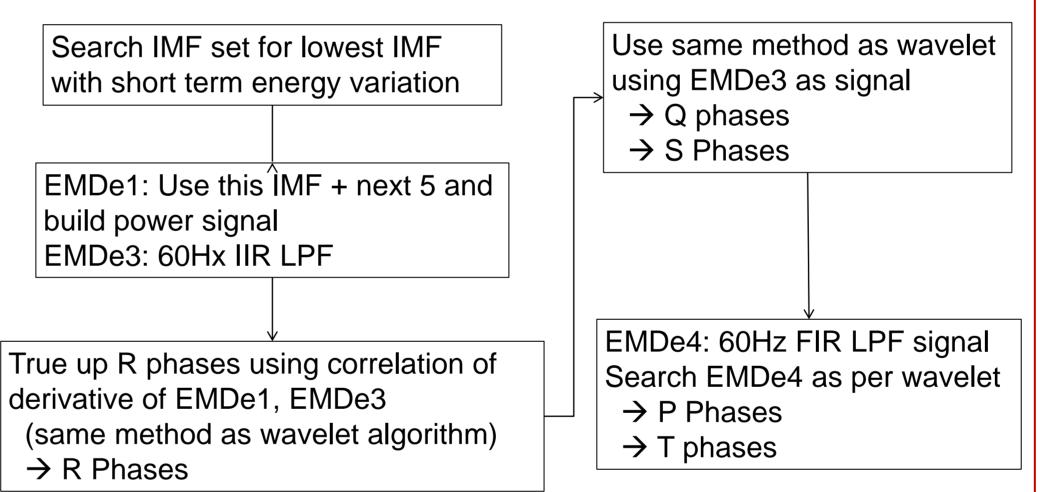
# Overview

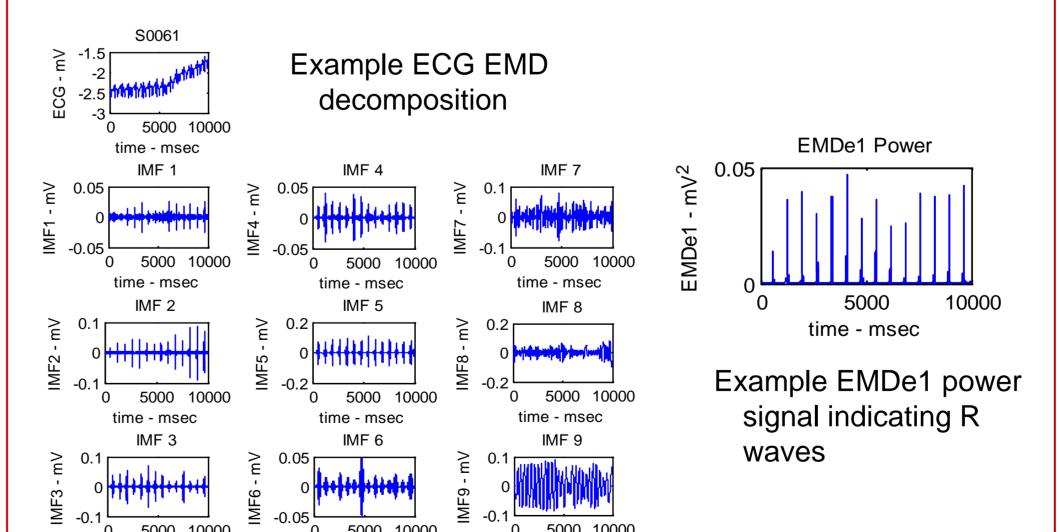
- EMD effectively uses the signal itself as the decomposition reference.
- Decomposes signal into a series of Intrinsic Mode Functions (IMF) and a resulting residue
- Reconstruction is simple through addition of IMFs and final residual



Example EMD decomposition of a noisy sine wave showing resulting first IMF and residual

# Detection algorithm





time - msec

# **Fusion Detection Algorithm**

Calculate R phase candidates per EMD and Wavelet algorithms

→ two R phase candidate sets

Calculate pulse estimate

Find R phase pairs (+/- 20 samples) in sets

#### Processed unpaired R phases

- If adjacent pairs from different algorithm
- → if pulses are close: choose nearest to pulse predicted location otherwise treat as separate R phases

For separate R phases – Accept if close to predicted pulse location

Build final set → R phases

Use EMD algorithm → Q & S phases

Find EMD and wavelet algorithm P and T phase candidate sets
Use average PQ gap to identify P wave → P phases
Use average ST gap to identify T wave → T phases

#### Conclusions

- None of the errors are common between the EMD and wavelet algorithms enabling fusion algorithm to be developed with improved performance.
- Low false positive (FP) and false negative (FN) rates with fusion technique with false negative errors rates of less than 1.0% and only 2 false positive errors across almost 1500 phases analyzed
- Wavelet: Shows good rejection of movement artifacts
- P, Q, S, T accuracy highly dependent on the R phase detection accuracy

#### **Future work**

- Extend algorithm to support block processing for longer duration ECGs
- Include classification models to enhance detection performance
- Test algorithm on longer (duration) ECGs and on ECGs outside training set

| Results | Phase | Total | Detected | Missed | Extra | TP Rate | TP st.dev. | FP Rate | FN Rate | Phase | Total | Detected | Missed | Extra | TP Rate | TP st.dev | FP Rate | FN Rate |
|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|-------|---------|------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|----------|--------|-------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|
|         | Р     | 278   | 275      | 3      | 1     | 99.0%   | 0.030      | 0.36%   | 1.08%   | Р     | 362   | 355      | 7      | 2     | 98.1%   | 0.044     | 0.55%   | 1.93%   |
|         | Q     | 310   | 305      | 5      | 0     | 98.3%   | 0.049      | 0.00%   | 1.61%   | Q     | 410   | 403      | 7      | 3     | 98.3%   | 0.043     | 0.73%   | 1.71%   |
|         | R     | 336   | 328      | 8      | 10    | 97.6%   | 0.048      | 2.98%   | 2.38%   | R     | 443   | 436      | 7      | 3     | 98.5%   | 0.040     | 0.68%   | 1.58%   |
|         | S     | 303   | 265      | 38     | 9     | 87.3%   | 0.234      | 2.97%   | 12.5%   | S     | 411   | 401      | 10     | 2     | 97.6%   | 0.060     | 0.49%   | 2.43%   |
|         | Т     | 305   | 300      | 5      | 8     | 98.1%   | 0.047      | 2.62%   | 1.64%   | Т     | 411   | 400      | 11     | 2     | 97.3%   | 0.049     | 0.49%   | 2.68%   |

time - msec

| Table 2: Detection results for EMD algorithm |
|--|
|--|

|   | Phase | Total | Detected | Missed | Extra | TP Rate  | TP st.dev | FP Rate | FN Rate |
|---|-------|-------|----------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|
|   | Р     | 269   | 269      | 0      | 0     | 100%     | 0.000     | 0.00%   | 0.00%   |
|   | Q     | 302   | 300      | 2      | 0     | 99.3%    | 0.039     | 0.00%   | 0.66%   |
|   | R     | 334   | 332      | 2      | 1     | 99.4%    | 0.035     | 0.30%   | 0.60%   |
|   | S     | 301   | 298      | 3      | 1     | 98.9%    | 0.044     | 0.33%   | 1.00%   |
|   | Т     | 302   | 299      | 3      | 0     | 99.0%    | 0.033     | 0.00%   | 0.99%   |
| _ |       |       | -        |        |       | <u>-</u> |           |         |         |

Table 3: Detection results for Fusion algorithm

(S0026)